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Today's Speakers (on the phone)



Steve Ballmer CEO Microsoft Corporation



Amy Hood EVP & CFO Microsoft Corporation



Terry MyersonEVP, Operating Systems
Microsoft Corporation



Stephen ElopEVP, Devices & Services
Nokia Corporation



Brad Smith
EVP & General Counsel
Microsoft Corporation



Chris Suh GM, Investor Relations Microsoft Corporation

The Deal





Microsoft acquires Nokia's phone business

Microsoft acquires Nokia's Qualcomm, other key IP licenses

Microsoft licenses Nokia's patents for use across all Microsoft products

Microsoft licenses ability to use Nokia HERE broadly in its products

Nokia retains NSN, HERE, its CTO Office, and its patent portfolio

Nokia and Microsoft cement original partnership with this deal before 2014 recommitment date

Nokia: More Than 200M Beautiful Phones A Year



Strategic Rationale



NOKIA

Accelerate Phone Share

Strengthen Overall Opportunity

Smart Acquisition

Strong Execution Plan

Accelerate Phone Share

Microsoft and Nokia Partnership















Lumia 520

Lumia 822

Lumia 925

Lumia 1020

Lumia 920

Lumia 820

Lumia 620

February 2011

Strategic partnership signed Nokia exclusive to Windows Phone Microsoft commits to HERE

November 2011

Lumia 800 ships First Nokia Windows Phone

November 2012

Windows Phone 8 launch Lumia 520 ships

April 2013

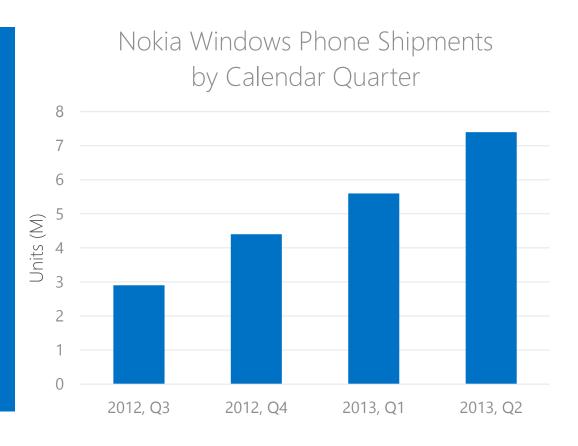
July 2013

Lumia 1020 ships Entry level price point Best camera phone in the world

Accelerate Phone Share

Nokia and Windows Phone Momentum

- >10% share in 9 markets
- Outselling Blackberry in 34 markets
- 78% YOY growth



One Brand, United Voice

Clarity helps make the market for all Windows Phones



Accelerate Phone Share

Accelerating Innovation



Next billion people online



Imaging



Personal assistant



Meetings



Information capture



Connectivity



Interactive entertainment



New form factors

Accelerate Phone Share

Strengthen Overall Opportunity

Transformation: Beyond Software and PCs

A family of devices with integrated services that best empowers people and businesses for the activities they value most

Greater smartphone success strengthens Microsoft and our OEMs

High value services including geospatial are key

High Value Services Including Geospatial

- Office, Skype, Xbox Live, SkyDrive, Bing at Microsoft
- Geospatial and mapping essential to integrate for mobile
- Need an effective alternative to Google; more than one "digital map of the world"
- Nokia can maximize HERE use by others
- Microsoft gets flexibility to integrate HERE with other experiences
- A new, simpler, and more effective partnership for the future
 - Microsoft acquires rights equivalent to ownership for the HERE mapping apps
 - Nokia will continue to improve these apps for other platforms
 - For mapping data and services, under a new four-year agreement:
 - Nokia will provide Microsoft with mapping data services in exchange for annual payments
 - Microsoft can combine Nokia mapping data with data from other sources
 - Microsoft can syndicate Nokia's data to customers using Windows Azure for additional fees

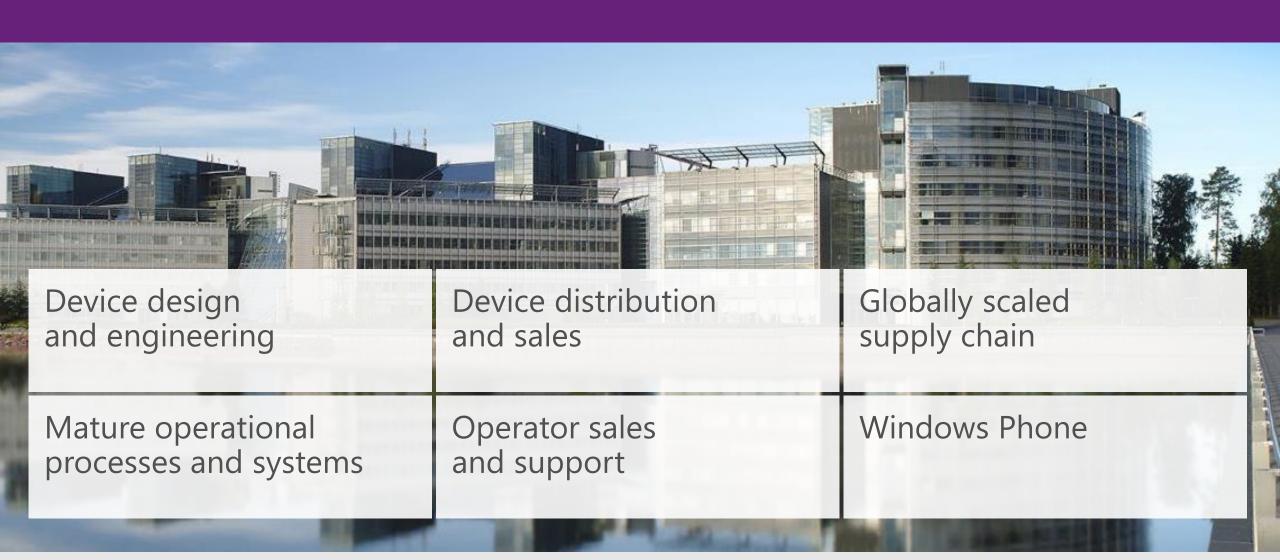
Devices and Services: Why Phones?

- Devices help services and services help devices
- With the consumerization of IT, users matter at both home and work
 - Devices and high volume/value services are ways to build a large user base
- Microsoft and phones
 - High value experiences light up on great devices
 - Device innovation gives Microsoft economic opportunity
 - We will continue to support iPhone and Android/Galaxy phones with our services
 - But we cannot risk having Google or Apple foreclose app innovation, integration, distribution, or economics
 - We need a first-rate Microsoft phone experience for users
- Windows: 300M+ devices a year
 - Success in phones is important to success in tablets
 - Success in tablets will help PCs
 - We will take additional steps to promote the app ecosystem for Windows

Devices and Services: Why Phone Hardware? Driving Ongoing OEM Opportunity

- Windows Phone has achieved #3 position in smartphones globally
- Acquisition protects Windows Phone future
 - High concentration with Nokia
 - First party hardware ensures Windows Phone presence
 - OEM model alone expensive in this market position
- Acquisition reduces friction moving forward
 - Pace of innovation
 - Marketing efficiency
- Acquisition grows OEM opportunity
 - Address diversity of markets
 - Continue existing partnerships
 - Microsoft success creates expanded OEM opportunity

Devices: Nokia D&S Brings Key Capabilities



Smart Acquisition

Smart Acquisition

Deal Overview

- €3.79 billion for Nokia's Devices and Services business including key patents
- €1.65 billion for a broad intellectual property license
- Uses offshore cash; no impact on ability to return capital to shareholders
- IP and patent agreements have material value
- Mobile phone business provides entry into key growth markets
- Improved unit economics
- Long term value creation

Better Unit Economics Drive Profitability

Current Partnership

- Windows Phone royalty gross margin (<\$10 per unit)
- Platform payment support
- Marketing investment

Acquisition

- Smart Device gross margin (> \$40 per unit)
- Integrated hardware R&D and design
- Focused marketing investment

Improved unit economics by owning gross margin dollars and synergies

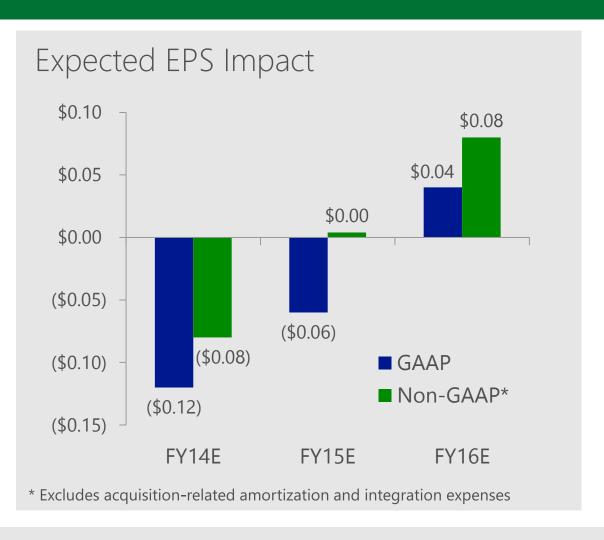
Fueling investment in innovation and marketing

Driving further unit growth and market share



Operating income breakeven when Smart Device units exceed ~50M

Accretive to Adjusted EPS by FY15



- The transaction is expected to be accretive to FY15 Non-GAAP EPS*
- Expected to be accretive to both GAAP and Non-GAAP EPS in FY16
- Annual cost synergies of \$600M within 18 months after close

Smart Acquisition

Long Term Value Creation

Outsized financial opportunity fueled by growth in smartphone business

Smartphone Revenue Opportunity				
2018E Worldwide Smartphone Shipments	1.7 billion			
Assumed Market Share	15%			
Annual Revenue	~\$45 billion			

NPV						
Assumed Operating Margin	5%	10%				
Annual Operating Income	\$2.3 billion	\$4.5 billion				
NPV	\$15 billion	\$30 billion				

IP Acquisition and License Agreements with Nokia

- Intellectual property is an important element of the smart devices business
 - Unless managed proactively, patent issues can create uncertainty for smartphone shipments
 - Unless managed creatively, patent royalties can add over 10 percent to the costs of a smartphone Bill of Materials
- Microsoft is acquiring over 8,500 design patents, ownership of the Lumia & Asha brands, and a ten-year license to use the Nokia brand on feature phones
- Microsoft is paying €1.65 billion for a fully paid-up license to Nokia's utility patents
 - Covers all of Nokia's patents and applications as of the closing date (except NSN)
 - The total license price includes an option to convert coverage from a ten-year to a perpetual license
 - The agreement provides for a broad, five-year, two-way standstill, including NSN
- Nokia's patent portfolio is one of the most valuable in the tech sector
 - Nokia's portfolio has approximately 30,000 utility patents and patent applications;
 we consider it to be one of the two most valuable portfolios relevant to wireless connectivity
 - The license also provides significant value for Microsoft's existing businesses, replacing after 2014 Microsoft's existing annual license payment to Nokia

Microsoft Also Secures Other Valuable Patent Benefits

- Nokia is assigning to Microsoft benefits under more than
 60 patent licenses with third parties
 - Nokia is assigning its existing license with Qualcomm, which is the other company that ranks with Nokia at the top in having a valuable wireless patent portfolio
 - Nokia is also conveying rights under its agreements with IBM, Motorola Mobility, and Motorola Solutions
 - These give Microsoft the benefit of attractive royalty arrangements Nokia negotiated
- Microsoft will combine the new Nokia license and these assignments with its existing patent agreements
 - Microsoft's agreement with Samsung will provide coverage for these additional devices without added payments
 - Microsoft will also benefit from its prior or continuing agreements with Apple, LG, Nortel, Kodak, and others at no additional cost
- Put all together, Microsoft will have the most cost-effective patent arrangements for smart devices

Strong Execution Plan

Strong Execution Plan

Nokia executives on board assuming key roles

Device/supply chain consolidation

Phone device R&D centered in Finland

Marketing/services consolidation

Nokia sales team intact

Integration executives mobilized

Working rhythms intact



Stephen Elop EVP Devices



Jo Harlow Smart Devices



Stefan Pannenbecker Head of Design



Juha Putkiranta Operations



Timo Toikkanen Mobile Phones



Chris Weber Sales & Marketing

Confident About Regulatory Approval

- We will submit the acquisition for approval in the EU, U.S., China, India, Brazil, Russia, Canada, and other countries
- We are confident about our prospects for approval by early 2014
 - The acquired assets are complementary
 - The acquisition will promote competition
 - Integration of hardware and software will help Microsoft offer competitive alternatives to Google and Apple
 - Microsoft will gain proven capability and talent critical to success in devices and services
 - Microsoft remains committed to working with partners in the Windows & Windows Phone ecosystems
 - The acquisition will benefit consumers
 - Will drive down Microsoft's devices and services costs from development through go-to-market and by obtaining cost savings from Nokia's existing IP licenses
 - Provides consumers with more choice and innovation

Q&A

Reconciliation of GAAP and non-GAAP Financial Measures

Net Income		Twelve Mo	nths Ended June 30,
(In millions)	2014	2015	2016
Estimated impact of acquisition (GAAP)	(\$1,005)	(\$541)	\$299
Estimated for acquisition-related amortization and			
integration expenses	\$309	\$548	\$410
Estimated impact of acquisition (non-GAAP)	(\$696)	\$7	\$709

The non-GAAP measures adjust for the estimated acquisition-related amortization and integration expenses, and are included as additional clarifying items to aid readers of this presentation in further understanding the Company's estimate for the impact of the Nokia devices and services acquisition in FY14, FY15 and FY16. The non-GAAP financial measures provided should not be considered as a substitute for, or superior to, the estimates prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Earnings per share	Twelve Mon		
	2014	2015	2016
Estimated impact of acquisition (GAAP)	(\$0.12)	(\$0.06)	\$0.04
Estimated for acquisition-related amortization and			
integration expenses	\$0.04	\$0.06	\$0.04
Estimated impact of acquisition (non-GAAP)	(\$0.08)	\$0.00	\$0.08

